

## ATMAM Mathematics Methods

Test 3

Calculator Free

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C	0	L	L	E	G	E

Teacher:

Friday

Smith

Time Allowed: 25 minutes

Marks

/33

Materials allowed: Formula Sheet.

All necessary working and reasoning must be shown for full marks. Marks may not be awarded for untidy or poorly arranged work.

Evaluate the following logarithms 1

> a) log 1000

 $\log_7 \frac{1}{49}$ 

(1, 1)

3

c)  $log_{27} 3$ 

(1, 2)

2 Express the following as single logarithms.

 $4\log_5 x - 3\log_5 \frac{1}{y}$ 

b)  $\log_3 y^2 - \log_3 x + 4$ 

(2, 2)

= logs x + logs y 3 / power law = logs y2 - logs x + logs 81

= logs (x4y3)

=  $\log_3(\frac{81y^2}{x})$ 

3 If  $p = \log_2 5$  and  $q = \log_2 3$ , express the following in terms of p and q.

a) 
$$\log_2 1.8$$

$$= \log_2 \frac{3^2}{5}$$

$$= 2q - P$$

b) 
$$\log_2 60$$
 (2,2)  
=  $\log_2 (2^2 \times 5 \times 3)$  / reunte  
= 2 + P + 9 / P\*9.

4 Use natural logarithms to solve the following equations. Express your answers using the fewest logs possible.

a) 
$$3^{2x} = 5^{x+1}$$
  
  $2x \ln 3 = (x+1) \ln 5$ 

$$x = \frac{\ln 5}{2\ln 3 - \ln 5}$$

$$x = \frac{\ln s}{\ln 1.8}$$

b) 
$$2^{x+3} - 21 = 2^x$$

(4)

$$2^{3}2^{2}-2^{2}=21$$

$$2^{x}(2^{3}-1)=21$$

$$DC = \frac{\ln 3}{\ln 2}$$

Find  $\frac{dy}{dx}$  for each of the following functions.

$$y = e^{\ln x^2} \tag{2}$$

$$y = \ln\left(\frac{x+1}{(x-3)^2}\right) \tag{2}$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{1}{x+1} - \frac{2}{x-3}$$
 / d. flerentiate

c) 
$$y = \sin x \ln x$$
 (2)

$$dy$$
 $dx = \cos x \ln x + \frac{\sin x}{x}$ 

/ product role.

V diff. trig a In correctly.

$$y = \log_5(5x - 5) \tag{2}$$

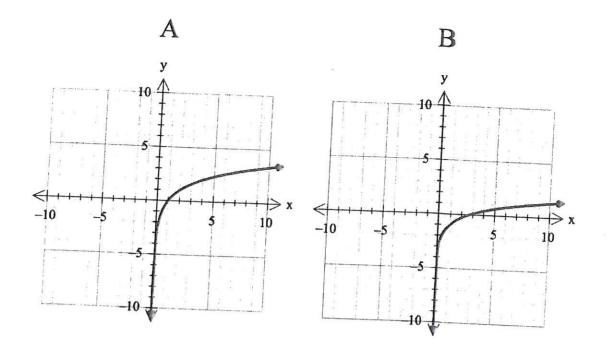
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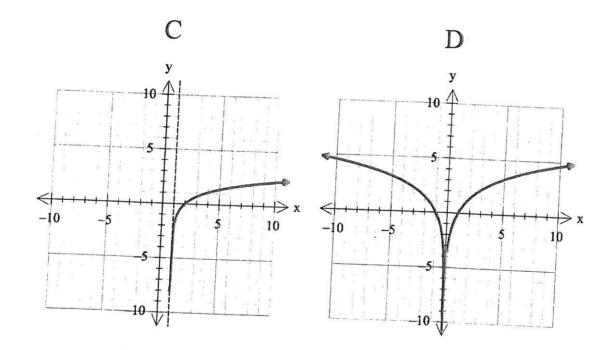
$$5^{4} = 5x - 5$$

$$y \ln 5 = \ln(5x - 5)$$

/ terms of

$$=\frac{1}{(3c-1)\ln 5}$$





$$\dots \qquad y = \ln x^2$$

$$... \mathcal{B}... y = \ln x - 1$$

$$\dots \qquad y = \ln(x-1)$$

$$... A y = \log_2 x$$



1

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Test 3

Calculator Assumed

0	TLEGE	Name:		•••••		
		Teacher:	Friday	Smith		
	Time	Allowed	: 25 minutes		Marks	/31
	Materials allov	ved: Classpad, 1	Formula Sheet.		u.	
	where appropr should be given Marks may not	iate, values shou to <u>four</u> decimal be awarded for	soning must be shown uld be given to two ded places. untidy or poorly arran an take any value bety	cimal plac nged work	es, except for prob	
	the graph beio	ow.	an take any variet betv	veen o and	5, with a PDF as	snown in
	<b>k</b>	2		1 × × 8		5H <sup>2</sup>
a)	Determine the	value of <i>k</i> .	0.2			(1)
b)	Determine P(3	$< x \le 4.5$ )	0.3		1-5 No.	(1)
c)	Determine P(3		0.4		5	(1)

d) Determine 
$$P(x < 4 \mid x > 1.8)$$

$$= \frac{2.2 \times 0.2}{3.2 \times 0.2} = \frac{0.44}{0.64}$$

$$= \frac{11}{16} \qquad 0.6875$$

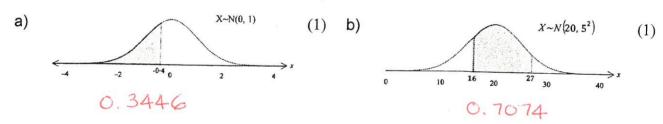
e) Determine the value t such that 
$$P(x < t | 3 < x) = \frac{3}{8}$$

$$\frac{0.2(t-3)}{0.2(5-3)} = \frac{3}{8}$$
 $\sqrt{\frac{t-3}{2}} = \frac{3}{8}$ 
 $\sqrt{\frac{t-3}{2}} = \frac{3}{4}$ 
 $\sqrt{\frac{t}{2}} = \frac{3}{4}$ 

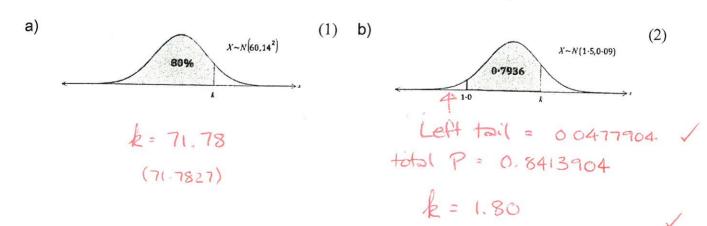
(2)

(3)

**2** Determine the probability indicated by the shaded region on the following normal probability distributions.



 $\mathbf{3}$  Determine the value of k in for the normal distributions shown below.



- A normally distributed random variable has 15% of its values above 70 and 40% of its values below 50.
  - By calculating the standard z scores associated with the tail probabilities above, then writing equations for their equivalent z scores using the given boundaries, determine the values of the mean and standard deviation to one decimal place.

15% right tail 
$$z \approx 1.0364$$

40% left tail  $z \approx -0.2533$ 

$$\frac{70 - \overline{x}}{\sigma} = 1.0364$$

$$\frac{50 - \overline{x}}{\sigma} = -0.2533$$

$$\overline{x} \approx 53.9$$

$$\sigma \approx 15.5$$

- Fabrics treated with water proofing spray are able to repel a proportion of incidental water such as rain. The proportion of water absorbed by a fabric which has been protected by x coats of water proofing spray can be modelled by the equation  $W = W_0 e^{kx}$ , where  $W_0$  is the water absorbed by an unprotected sample of the fabric.
  - a) If each coat of a particular brand of spray reduces the water absorption to 60% of its previous value, find
    - (i) The value of k for that brand, correct to four decimal places.

$$0.6 = e^{k}$$
 $10.6 = k$ 
 $e^{2} = 0.5108$ 

(ii) Determine the minimum number of coats to reduce the absorption to less than  $0.01W_0$ . Show use of natural logarithms in your working. (3)

$$0.01 = e^{-0.51085C}$$
 $100.01 = -0.51085C$ 
 $5C = 9.0152$ 

=> Minimum number of coars is 10

(1)

(5)

Popular sports clothing company Gallopinter<sup>TM</sup> manufacture the red-and-white striped jumpers sold to fans of the local Floreat Fuchsiaphobes rugby team. They need to pay particular attention to the quality of the red dye used, so the dye is mixed using an automated mixing machine. The mass of powder added to 1L of solvent is normally distributed with a mean of 0.4g and standard deviation of 0.02g

If the amount of red powder is more than 1.2 standard deviations below the mean, the colour looks pink, which considered abhorrent by the extremely prejudiced Fuchsiaphobe fans. On the other hand, if the concentration of the red dye is more than 0.43g/L, the red dye leeches out in the wash, causing the white stripes to be stained pink, which also upsets the fans.

What is the probability that...

a) A randomly selected jumper will look pink before it is washed.

(1)

0.1151

b) A randomly selected jumper that has been washed does not look pink.

(2)

pink not pink pink

/ both tails

/ complement

P(notpink) = 0.8181

c) A randomly selected jumper will look pink after it has been washed, given that the dye concentration was at least 0.37g/L.

P(conc > 0.37) = 0.9332

1 condition

2--15

0.3181

0.9332 - 0.8181 = 0.1151

1 intersection

 $P = \frac{0.1151}{0.9332}$ 

= 0.1233

prob.